

PRIVACY PRESERVING AND UNTRACEABLE GROUP



A PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

DINESH KUMAR.S (710419106007)

KARTHIKA.K (710419106014)

SIBI CHAKRAVARTHI.B (710419106027)

In partial fulfilment for the award of the degree of

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

IN

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

CHRIST THE KING ENGINEERING COLLEGE, COIMBATORE-641104

ANNA UNIVERSITY: CHENNAI 600 025

APRIL-MAY 2023



Dr.M.JETAKINTAR, M.E.Ph.D PRINCIPAL CHRIST THE KING ENGINEERING COLLEGE, Chikkarampalayam village, Karamadai, Metupalayam Taluk, Combalore - 641 104.

BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

Certified that this project report "PRIVACY PRESERVING AND UNTRACEABLE GROUP" is the bonafide work of "DINESH KUMAR.S (710419106007), KARTHIKA.K (710419106014), SIBI CHAKRAVARTHI.B (710419106027)" who carried out the project work under my supervision.

Dr. A. Kingsly Jabakumar, M.E., Ph.D.,

HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT,

ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR,

Department of Electronics and

Communication Engineering,

Christ The King Engineering

College, Coimbatore - 641104.

Mr. K. Sedhu Ramalingam, M.E., (Ph.D).,

SUPERVISOR,

ASSISTANT PROFESSOR,

Department of Electronics and

Communication Engineering,

Christ The King Engineering

College, Coimbatore - 641104.

The project report submitted for the viva voce held on 23/.5/23

Mohantour 23/5/2023 EXTERNAL EXAMINER

MAR, M.E..Ph.D

CHRIST THE KING ENGINEERING CULLEGE, Chikkarampalayam Village. Karamadai. Menupalayam Taluk,

Сышиные - 041 104.



ABSTRACT

With the development of cloud computing, the great amount of storage data requires safe and efficient data sharing. In multiparty storage data sharing, first, the confidentiality of shared data is ensured to achieve data privacy preservation. Second, the security of stored data is ensured. That is, when stored shared data are subject to frequent access operations, the server's address sequence or access pattern is hidden. Therefore, determining how to ensure the untraceability of stored data or efficient hide the data access pattern in sharing stored data is a challenge. By leveraging proxy re-encryption and oblivious random access memory (ORAM), a privacy-preserving and untraceable scheme is proposed to support multiple users in sharing data in cloud computing. On the one hand, group members and proxies use the key exchange phase to obtain keys and resist multiparty collusion if necessary. The ciphertext obtained according to the proxy re-encryption phase enables group members to implement access control and store data, thereby completing secure data sharing. On the other hand, this paper realizes data untraceability and a hidden data access pattern through a one-way circular linked table in a binary tree (OCLT) and obfuscation operation. Additionally, based on the designed structure and pointer tuple, malicious users are identified and data tampering is prevented. The proposed scheme is secure and efficient for group data sharing in cloud computing. This project also enhanced Traitor Tracing Once the user's secret key is leaked for profits or other purposes. server runs trace algorithm to find the malicious user. After the traitor is traced, user will blocked in cloud server. The traceability function enables the broadcaster to identify the traitor, and prevents the authorized users from leaking their keys.

٧



PRINCIPAL
CHRIST THE KING ENGINEERING COLLEGE,
Chikkarainpalayam village,
Karamadai, Mettupalayam Taluk,
Colimbatore - 641 104.

CHAPTER- 7 CONCLUSION

7.1 CONCLUSION

In this project, we present a secure and untraceable protocol for group data sharing in a cloud storage scheme. Based on key exchange, the proposed approach can efficiently generate the users conference key, which can be used to protect the security of shared data and prevent malicious user collusion with other users. In addition, security of shared group data in the cloud and access control is achieved with respect to the encryption technique. The sufficient security proof indicates the security of our protocol. The experimental comparison results could be considered as validation of the performance of our protocol, making it substantially more convincing.

7.2 SCOPE FOR FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

There is scope for future development of this project. The world of computer fields is not static; it is always subject to be dynamic. The technology which is famous today becomes outdated the very next day. To keep abstract of technical improvements, the system may be further refined. So, it is not concluded. Yet it will improve with further enhancements. Enhancements can be done in an efficient manner. We can even update the same with further modification establishment and can be integrated with minimal modification. Thus the project is flexible and can be enhanced at anytime with more advanced features.



Dr.M.JEYAKNMAR, M.E..Ph.D PRINCIPAL CHRIST THE KING ENCINEERING COLLEGE,

CHRIST THE KING ENGINEERING COLLEGE, Chikkorampalayam village, Karamadai, Mettupalayam fuluk, Commontore - 641 104.